

Flood After Wildfire

Matthew Buddie - FEMA
Brian Varrella - CDOT
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Grand Junction & Greeley, CO





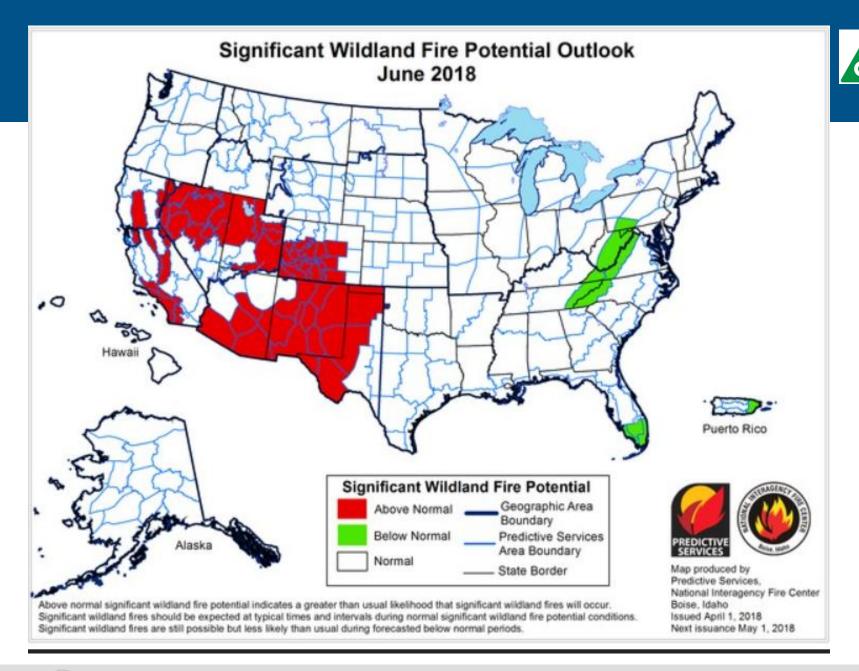


A picture is worth a 1,000 words











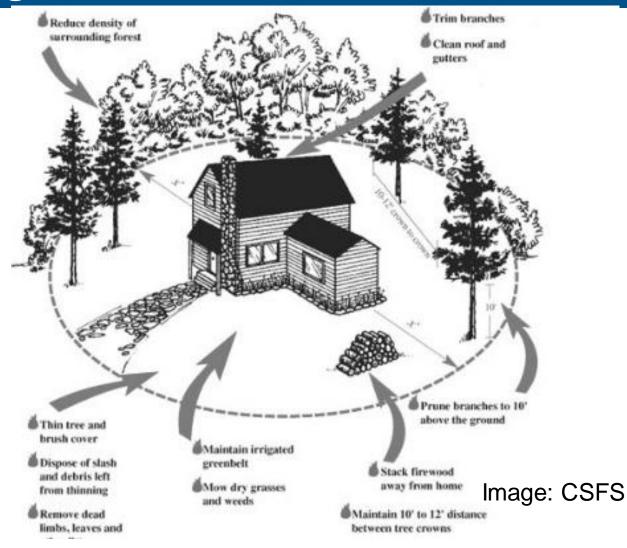




Wildfire Mitigation

"Homeowners, landowners, and communities bear the ultimate responsibility to help protect themselves, their property and their local values at risk from the threat of wildland fire."

-Colorado State Forest Service Website







In 2016, a community took an innovative approach to wildfire mitigation: goats!





Goats have proven to be useful tools when it comes to fire mitigation.

Unlike machinery, goats eat weeds and oak from the root, which helps decrease its return.

-Einar Jensen, South Metro Fire and Rescue in Colorado









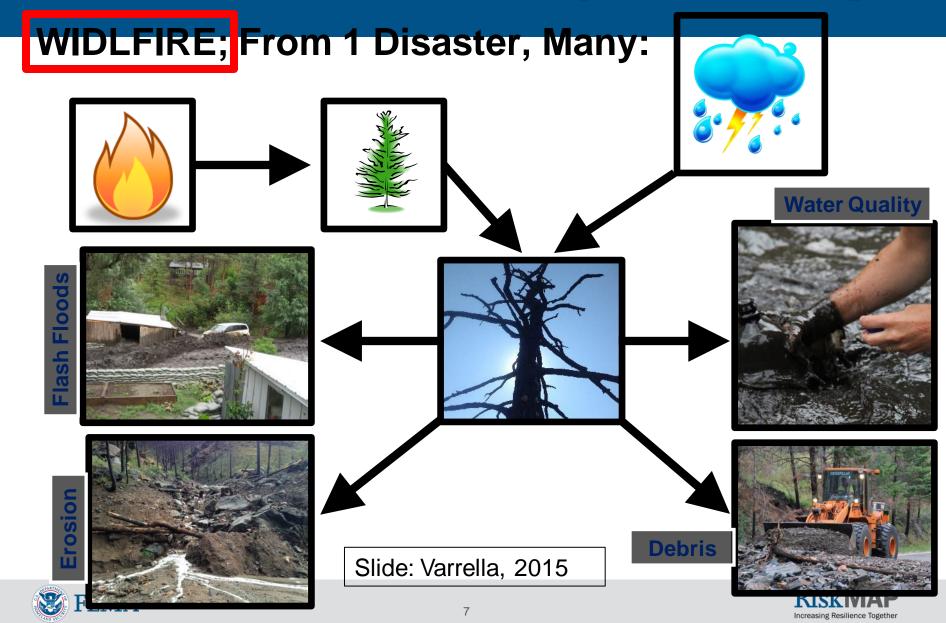
How Hot Does the Surface Get?

- An average surface fire on the forest floor might have flames reaching 1 metre in height and can reach temperatures of 800°C (1,472°F) or more. Under extreme conditions a fire can give off 10,000 kilowatts or more per metre of fire front. This would mean flame heights of 50 metres or more and flame temperatures exceeding 1200°C (2,192°F).
 - Natural Resources Canada





Colorado Disaster History & Challenges



www.fema.gov/flood-after-fire

FLOOD AFTER FIRE

Did you know that wildfires dramatically alter the terrain and increase the risk of floods?

Reduce your risk.
The time to buy flood insurance is now.

Contact your local insurance agent for more information or visit the National Flood Insurance Program at www.fema.gov/nationalflood-insurance-program

NATIONAL FLOOD

During normal conditions, vegetation helps absorb rainwater.

But after an intense wildfire, burned vegetation and charred soil form a water repellent layer, blocking water absorption.

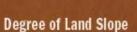
During the next rainfall, water bounces off of the soil.

And as a result, properties located below or downstream of the burn areas are at an increased risk for flooding.



Heavy Rains

Excessive amounts of rainfall can happen throughout the year. Properties directly affected by fires and those located below or downstream of burn areas are most at risk for flooding.



Higher degrees of land slope speed up water flow and increase flood risk.

Flash Floods

Intense rainfall can flood low lying areas in less than six hours. Flash floods roll boulders, tear out trees and destroy buildings and bridges.

Mudflows

Rivers of liquid and flowing mud are caused by a combination of brush loss and subsequent heavy rains. Rapid snowmelt can also trigger mudflows.





Flood Insurance = Protection

- Don't wait to buy!
- www.floodsmart.gov







Preventing Disasters From Becoming Disastrous



Drop Everything & Do This NOW

Photo: Varrella, 2013





1. MAKE A FRIEND (or friends):

- Know your neighbors & colleagues
 - They want to help
- Mutual Aid Agreements
 - Get 'em NOW
 - Allows neighbors to help
 - Aid \$\$\$ flows easier
- Get involved outside your office
 - CASFM, CML, Flood TAP, etc.
 - Friends = resources & support



The Suz





1. Make A Friend (or Friends)



Collaborate as neighbors (like Watershed Coallitions)

- Ecologists + biologists + geomorphologists + engineers
- Private <u>stakeholders</u> + <u>govt. agencies</u> + <u>special districts</u>





Photo: Mouttet, 2013

Slide: Varrella, 2015



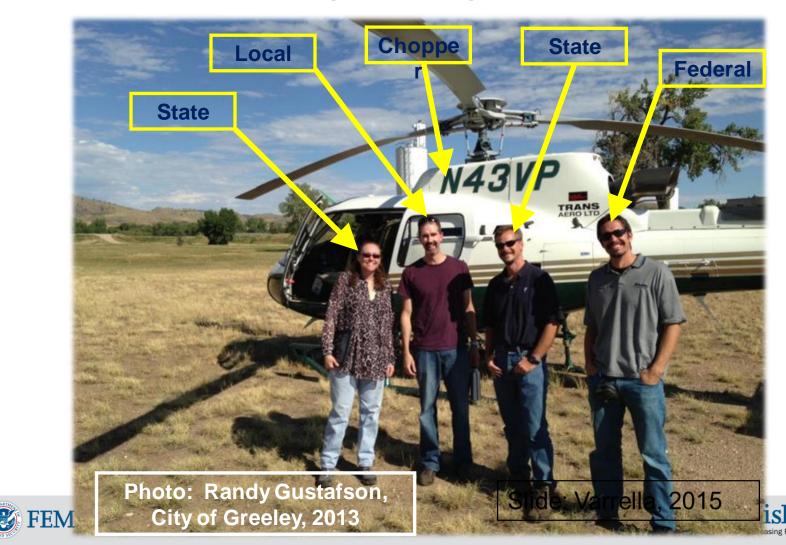
Photo: Varrella, 2013



1. Make A Friend (or Friends)



Mutual interests & goals = greatest asset



2. GET A PLAN:

- Flood warning systems save lives
- Master Plan for all hazards
 - Erosion, fire, flood, acts of terrorism, pandemic
 - Preserve floodplains, use buyouts, use freeboard
- Use the Incident Command System (ICS)
- Know your assets & liabilities
- Set up a digital data platform
 - It's at your fingertips
 - It's at others' fingertips









Flood Warning Systems Save Lives:







2. Get a Plan



Master Plan for <u>All</u> Hazards

Slide: Varrella, 2015

- FIRMs don't show all flood hazards
- Erosion ignores boundaries
- Dynamic channels are normal
- Setbacks save lives
- Asset inventories must include natural features

Photo: Terry Martin, ICON Engineering, 2013





2. Get a Plan



Master Plan for All Hazards

Preserve open spaces for rivers

Freeboard prevents damage

Dry building



Open Space Floodplain 100-year Areas in 100-year Floodplain 100-year **Preserved Inside City** floodplain is Floodplain preserved as (acres) (acres) Limits **Open Space** (acres) (acres) 55 924 979 1,485

High water mark



2. Get a Plan

Set Up a Digital Platform

Leverage free technology to save time & resources

- Special websites can be set up now
- Mobile technology captures real-time info
- Public likes to share...
 - Photos & videos
 - Location, dates & times

Boulder, CO; free Ushahidi crowdmap platform https://boulderflood2013b.crowdmap.com/



Welcome to the official City of Boulder 'Community Flood Assessment' map. This crowdsourcing map is meant to provide a venue for residents and businesses share their Boulder Flood data and stories.

FILTERS * MEDIUS PICTIMES MOSO

**CATEGORY FILTER | MOSE |

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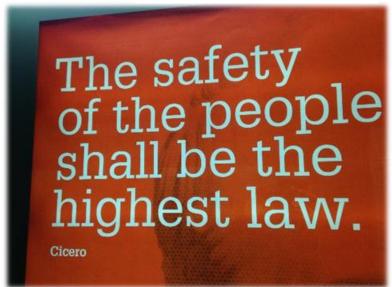
Slide: Varrella, 2015

Increasing Resilience Together

3. PRACTICE:

- Drill, drill, DRILL
 - Apply the plan before disaster...
 - so you know it cold
- Talk it up
 - Use all media available
 - Get an audience today
- Update your plans annually
- MAKE IT A PRIORITY

Photo: Varrella, 2014







3. Practice



Drill your staff in peacetime

- Fake it before the disaster (simulation)
- Learn how to apply your plan



3. Practice

Talk it up now!!









3. Practice



Find your audience when all is quiet

- If they don't look for you, they won't hear you
- Use social media. Seriously... use it!!







4. TAKE COMMAND of YOUR DISASTER:

- Locals = this is your mess to clean up
 - Feds & State will support...
 - But, the work of recovering is yours
- Stick to the plan during the disaster
- Record all decisions
 - Keep your records simple
 - Critical during FEMA staff changes

Expectations

Slide: Varrella, 2015



Doodle by Jessica Hagy,

³ @JessicaHagy, 2014

5. COLLECT DATA & UPDATE PLANS:

- Collect high water marks for historic records
 - Have your team of experts ready before disasters
- Prepare a after-action reports (and be honest)
- Update Master Plans with knowledge gained

'I should have made nothing if I had not made mistakes'

CHURCHILL











High Water Marks, Debris & Erosion Zones

- Can be used for interim decision-making
- Will be used later to update all-hazard maps





Photos: Varrella, 2013





5. Collect Data; Update Plans

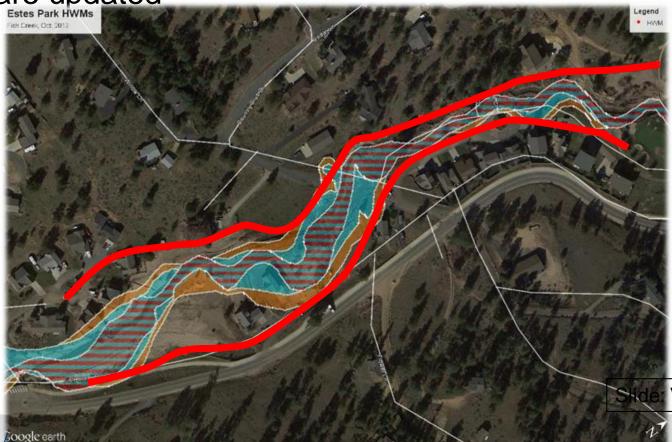


Interim Decision-Making

Moratorium on permits; wait, think, then move

Field info = best available data until Master Plans

are updated

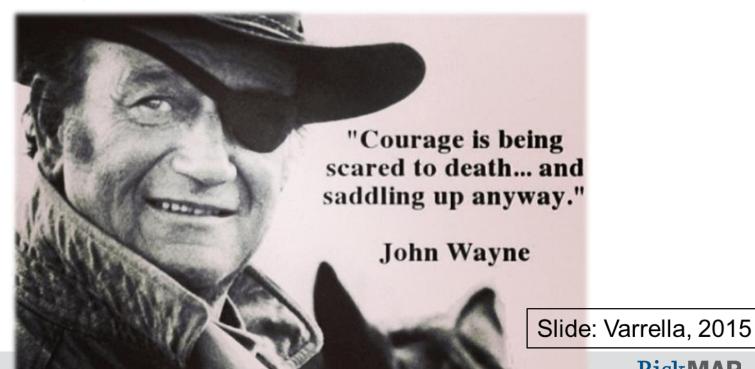


Varrella, 2015



6. DON'T GIVE UP:

- Do the right thing, and don't look back
 - Public health, safety & welfare are in your hands
 - We rely on rivers for our survival... this is the real deal





RiskMAP
Increasing Resilience Together







